PRACTICING VERBS WITH HUMAN OBJECTS

Table: singular object suffixes

	object suffix	<i>help</i> + object suffix	
lst person singular	-tham'sh	ts'ewutham'sh	"help me"
2nd person singular	-thamu	ts'ewu thamu	"help you"
3rd person	-t	ts'ewu t	"help him/her"

PROBLEM SET 28: xwum 'u ch 'i'

Practice telling someone to do something to or for you.

Question: xwum 'u ch 'i' ts'ewutham'sh. Can you help me?

Transform these into verbs with first person objects.

ts'ewut	help him/her	help me
temut	call him/her	call me
ptem'ut	ask him/her	ask me
tl'umast	give him/her a ride	give me a ride
t'i'wi'ulht	pray for him/her	pray for me
xlhast	feed him/her	feed me

PROBLEM SET 29: hee, xwum tsun 'i'

Question: xwum 'u ch 'i' ts'ewutham'sh. Can you help me?

Answer: hee', xwum tsun 'i' ts'ewuthamu. Yes, I can help you.

Answer: 'uwu, skw'ey kw'unus ts'ewuthamu. I can't help you.

nan tsun 'uw' tituya'xw. I'm too busy.

Transform these into verbs with second person objects.

tl'umast	give him/her a ride	give you a ride
temut	call him/her	call you
xlhast	feed him/her	feed you
hwtulqut	answer him/her	answer you

PRACTICING VERBS WITH PLURAL HUMAN OBJECTS

Table: singular object suffixes

	object suffix	<i>help</i> + object suffix	
lst person plural	-tal'hw	ts'ewu tal'hw	"help us"
2nd person plural	-talu	ts'ewu talu	"help you all"
3rd person	-t	ts'ewu t	"help them"

PROBLEM SET 30: tth'ihwum ch 'i'

Practice telling someone to do something to or for you.

A: tth'ihwum ch 'i' ts'ewutal'hw. Please help us!

Transform these into verbs with first person plural objects.

temut	call him/her	call us
ptem'ut	ask him/her	ask us
tl'umast	give him/her a ride	give us a ride
t'i'wi'ulht	pray for him/her	pray for us
ts'ewut	help him/her	help us

PROBLEM SET 31: 'uy', I will!

A: tth'ihwum ch 'i' ts'ewutal'hw. Please help us!

B: 'uy', ts'ewutalu tsun. Good, I will help you all.

Transform these into verbs with second person plural objects.

t'i'wi'ulht	pray for him/her	pray for you all
tl'umast	give him/her a ride	give you all a ride
temut	call him/her	call you all
hwtulqut	answer him/her	answer you all
ts'ewut	help him/her	help you all

PRACTICING VERBS WITH THIRD PERSON SUBJECTS

Some transitive verbs

suwq't	look for
ptem'ut	ask
kwunut	take
'aluxut	gather
ts'elhum'ut	hear
ts'ewut	help
lhuyxt	eat
lumnuhw	see
kwunnuhw	get

PROBLEM SET 32: What did eagle go do?

nuts'a' netulh 'i' ni' nem' suwq'tus tu stseelhtun.

"One morning, he when to look for salmon."

Chose a time, chose a verb, and choose and object and make eight other sentences.

>>>Remember to put the third person subject agreement =**us** on the verb.

TIME	OBJECT
nuts'a' skweyul 'i' one day	tu stseelhtun salmon
qul'et kweyul 'i' the next day	tu stqeeye' wolf
hwun' xut'u 'i' suddenly, finally	
nuts'a' netulh 'i' one morning	

PROBLEM SET 33: What does eagle always do?

Progressive verbs are used for something that is always happening.

INTRANSITIVE SENTENCE: there is no =us suffix.

mukw' skweyul 'i' xi'xlhem' tu yuxwule'.

Every day eagle is watching.

TRANSITIVE SENTENCE: You must use =us suffix.

yath 'uw' ts'ets'ulhum'ut us tu yuxwule' tu stqeeye'. "Eagle is always hearing the wolf."

Make eight sentences.

- If the verb is intransitive, add a subject noun (yuxwule' *eagle* or stqeeye' *wolf*)
- If the verb is transitive, add =us, and an appropriate object noun.

EX:	mukw' skweyul 'i'	xeem'	tu stqeeye'
		crying	
EX:	mukw' skweyul 'i'	'a'luxut us	tu s'ulhtuns
		gathering	
1	mukw' skweyul 'i'	lhalhukw'	
		flying	
2	yath 'uw'	ts'ets'uw'ut	
		helping	
3	yath 'uw'	le'lum'ut	
		looking at	
4	mukw' skweyul 'i'	q'e'wum'	
		howling	
5	mukw' skweyul 'i'	lhey'xt	
		eating	
6	yath 'uw'	xwan'chunum'	
		running	
7	mukw' skweyul 'i'	nem' heew'u	
		go hunting	
8	mukw' skweyul 'i'	nem' sew'q't	
		go looking for	